(XLIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2127.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1787.

BRUSSELS, *July* 20.

ALL we can learn at present relative to the situation of affairs of this country is, that the states of Brabant have summoned an assembly of the states of the other provinces to consult upon the proposals of the emperor, and they have requested their royal highnesses, our governors general, and the minister, not to set out from hence until the return of a courier, who was sent some days since to Vienna, with a remonstrance to the emperor, requesting him to publish a declaration ensuring the Netherlands the continuation of their old constitution, in return for which, the states offer to give his majesty the strongest assurances of fidelity to him; they further acquaint the emperor, that their royal highnesses and the minister have, at the request of the states, postponed their journey.

LONDON, *July* 31.

A letter from Bengal, dated 14th February, says, that Tippo Saib, in his late surprise on the Marattas, gained a most decisive advantage, having obliged them to abandon the greatest part of their baggage. The plunder which his troops acquired in the enemy's camp, and in the bazars, was very great, and independent of the value of it, it inspires the conquerors with great confidence in the ability and management of their leader.

By the success of Tippo in this attack, the Marattas see, that they are no match for him in their present mode of pursuing the war; and they have therefore wisely determined to change it.—The Marattas can only hope to tire out their enemy, not to conquer him; and by confining themselves to light skirmishes, and harrassing him by scouting parties of their horse, they will render his situation very unpleasant; and by cutting off his supplies, they may oblige him to retire. In pursuance of this plan, they have sent off their heavy baggage and guns to Badamma, and a large body of troops has been ordered to lay waste Tippo's country to the southward of Jambruda.

Such is the opulence of private individuals in China, that one merchant only at Canton has sold this year teas and raw silk to the different European ships, to the amount of eleven hundred thousand pounds.

August 1. Authentic accounts are just arrived from Wezel, with intelligence that the government there had received a letter from the king of Prussia, to the following purport:

"Whereas the situation of affairs in the Seven Provinces has now necessitated me to take an active part in them, I have resolved to march an army from 60 to 70,000 men thither; and I desire you will immediately cause the necessary preparations to be made against their arrival. For your regulation, have further to inform you, that they march the 18th of July from Magdenburg, and will be in your parts, on or about the 30th of the same month."

It is positively assured, that the dispatches sent with Mr. Eden to the court of France on Saturday night, announce a positive determination on the part of this country, to assist the Stadtholder at all events.

There are other reasons besides the ties of consanguinity between our sovereign and the prince of Orange, to induce the British council to support the house of Nassau's influence in Holland; for if that was at an end, there is a great probability there would also be an end to the lucrative commerce carried on between England and the Seven United Provinces, whose new friends the French might in quality of being the most favoured nation, step in for it. To give our readers some idea of the importance of the Dutch trade to England, we shall inform them that the very year before the breaking out of the last war with Holland, the exports from England to that country, amounted on the most moderate computation, to £. 2,026,722 sterling.

And the imports from it 400,273

£. 1,626,449.

by which the British nation gained a balance of 1,626,449l.

August 2. The Spanish ambassador has ordered a considerable quantity of goods of different denominations to be purchased, in order to be sent to the Musquito Shore, for presents to the Indian tribes.

As a farther confirmation of that which however is no longer doubted—that the intentions of France are to convert the present disturbances in Holland, into a pretext for hostilities, we can assure our readers, that in consequence of letters received in Ireland from the merchants of Dieppe, and other parts nearest Paris, by persons in the provision trade at Corke and Drogheda, the prices of beef and pork have been advanced three halfpence per lb. and other provisions for exportation, nearly in a similar proportion.

Should a war on the continent take place in consequence of the commotions in Holland, this country must inevitably either directly or indirectly take an active part; the real question being, shall England in another war receive the assistance of the Republic? or shall the weight of the United States in that case, be given to France?

The Dutch faction has certainly sent four ships of the line to the East-Indies, to guard their spice islands.—This we give upon the most authentic information:—and the motive assigned for this proceeding is—that it was feared, had the islands been left unguarded,—they might have been taken by the English, and made the condition for the prince of Orange's restoration to the states.

A cottager in the neighbourhood of Acton, has made himself a weather glass upon a peculiar construction; it is a rude carving of a parsonage house, situate in a church yard. In fair weather, a fine well fed portly clergyman comes out, but in rainy weather a poor thin half starved curate. The curate has been upon duty ever since St. Swithin's day, except on Friday last.

Extract of a letter from Nimeguen, July 26.

"An ordinance has been published by the prince, concerning the navigation of the Lecke and Wahal rivers, of which the stadtholderian troops have the entire command—by which it is directed that no boats, barges or other vessels, shall be in any degree obstructed, paying the usual tolls, and conforming to the necessary regulation. This forbearance on the part of his royal highness, cannot fail to add to the number of his friends and well-wishers."

August 4. In consequence of some ambiguous proceedings in the court of France, we sent over about a month ago a memorial, demanding an explanation on several heads. The answer to this memorial only arrived about the middle of last week, and was couched in terms both unsatisfactory and contemptuous; in consequence of which Mr. Pitt, who had hitherto been much averse to war, entered entirely into the opposite councils, and a system at once both bold, vigorous and decisive was adopted. To support the stadtholder, cost what it might, was the first resolve; and a second memorial, notifying this resolution, in very high spirited language, was committed to the care of Mr. Eden, who set out on Saturday night; at the same time Mr. Grenville was dispatched to the stadtholder, to inform him of this decision in our cabinet, and another messenger to Berlin, with similar dispatches to his Prussian majesty.

Previous however to this resolve, the Prussian monarch, anxious for the safety and interests of the stadtholder, and not much pleased with the dilatory pacific measures of our ministry, had determined to take the field; and by the arrival of the duke of York we learn, that 3000 troops have marched accordingly. This is the real state of affairs at this moment; and it appears, that unless France abandon the patriotic party in Holland, and a line of conduct politic in every point of view, and which she is now nearly reaping the fruits of—a war in Europe is inevitable.

KINGSTON, *(Jamaica) September* 1.

The following is an instance of Divine Providence, manifested in the preservation of two unfortunate persons who were driven off the island of Grenada on the 6th of last month:——Mr. Elias Baskman, who kept a trading canoe at that island, having been conveying a cargo from Guava to St. George's Bay, about 16 miles, assisted with one negro, was, quickly after leaving St. George's Key on his return, attacked by a sudden squall of wind, and driven entirely out to sea; having only a quart of pease, and a pound and a half of salt beef on board, and no water but what was scantily supplied them by the Heavens; when that failed them, they were compelled to drink their own urine. They had but one sail, which, together with the rudder, was lost in the same gale of wind, which continued for four days without intermission: During this period they also lost the only instrument of guidance left them, their paddle. They then consigned themselves to the mercy of the waves, and abandoned every hope of safety. Land never appeared to them, until they arrived off a place near Old Harbour in this island, where they landed on Saturday the 25th ultimo, having been at sea in that deplorable situation 19 days; and had not Providence provided them with a few flying fish, and a couple of birds which flew on board the canoe, they must have inevetably perished for want. On their arrival at the above place they were scarce able to stand, and exhibited an appearance truly ghastly and distressful. A fisherman residing there, to the honour of his humanity and feelings, lent every assistance in his power to those two poor starving wretches to get them on shore, and afterwards exerted himself to the utmost to provide for them such necessaries of comfort and other accommodations as they must naturally stand in need of. Those two miserable people, thus preserved by the finger of Providence, are in this town, in a state very feeble and emaciated, and so violently excoriated by the torrefaction of the sun, that the skin of their hands and faces is entirely peeling off. Mr. Baskman is a cooper, possessing some property in Grenada, and the negro belongs to a Mr. Webster in that island.

NEW-YORK, *September* 27.

On the 21st ultimo a resolve took place in congress, authorising the superintendent of Indian affairs in the northern department, to proceed to Post St. Vincents, and there hold a treaty with the Wabash, Shawanese and other hostile tribes of Indians; hear their complaints and inform them of the pacific disposition of congress. To inform the Hurons, &c. who joined the representation made to congress, that their representation is received, and will be considered in due time. That the secretary at war, by federal troops, effectually protect the frontiers of Pennsylvania and Virginia, and the federal lands, from Indian intrusions, to promote a favorable issue to the intended treaty.—Requesting that the militia of Virginia and Kentucky hold themselves in readiness to co-operate in the defence of the frontiers, should necessity require it, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 6.

Late letters from London mention, that Churchman's variation scheme has met with the most polite attention, the commissioners of longitude having taken the same under consideration, but from their deliberate mode of doing business, they have not come to a determination. It is generally allowed that the theory is just, and that it will be a considerable improvement in the art of navigation, but a doubt remains with some of the variation being easily taken at sea with the necessary accuracy; others hope this difficulty may be in a great measure overcome. A knowledge of this theory will probably be of use to the landholders in the woods of America, for perpetuating their boundaries. Maryland in particular labours under a disadvantage on this account, as their lands are held by course and distance, without any allowance for variation, for want of a true knowledge of the laws of the irregular increase and decrease of the same. The effect is, while part of one man's plantation is thrown into a river, another, sometimes, loses some of his most valuable improvements, thereby causing perpetual confusion, which is constantly increasing. All necessary to be known, for laying them off according to the ancient metes and bounds, will be to know the situation of the place, and the date of the original survey.

We learn from the eastward, that the noted *Daniel Shays* has returned to the commonwealth of Massachusetts, and that he frequently appears, publicly in the streets of Cambridge, within three or four miles of the town of Boston. The authority have not thought proper to take him into custody, neither is it likely they will, since a pardon has been granted by the executive council to the other offenders who had been tried and condemned.

A general act of oblivion, it is said, either has been, or will be, passed, since the late rebellion there has been so completely cut up by the roots; and those who have been concerned therein have pretty generally returned to their duty and allegiance.

AUGUSTA, *August* 18.

At a general meeting of the king, chiefs and warriors, of the Chickesaw nation,—in answer to a talk they received from William Davenport, Esquire, agent for this state. Received by the executive on the 14th ultimo.

KING'S TALK.

Brothers,

WE have talked together several times, and you have informed me the day should soon come when our nation would be supplied with goods from your land, but we have not seen them yet.

Now you tell us the reason is, that the Creeks have been across and stopped up the path, which if fear will always be the case; and as we may not be disappointed any longer, we give you a piece of land on the Bluff, where you may bring your goods, and the Creeks not trouble them.—Generally when the

red people talk to the white ones, they receive presents, but we have heard and received a great many talks and got nothing with them; for my nation has never received a gun from your people yet to kill them a deer. Piomingo has talked several times to your beloved people, and they have promised him great supplies for the nation, and their not coming, makes him ashamed when he speaks to his warriors, as they tell him his talks has made them poor. If you mean to call us your red people, we should be glad to have commissions, metals and collars, as we might have all one talk, and be one people.

HOLACKTANATLEY's TALK.

My uncle Piamataha, was a man who formerly talked to white people, and kept peace in his land. —And as he is dead, I give you my talk in his room, as all my warriors are by, and I have counselled them.—Therefore desire, if you are our friends, to supply the nation as soon as possible with ammunition, that we may defend our land against our enemies, who are daily threatening us.—This is the first time I have ever talked, and I am in hopes you will supply us, that we may no longer suffer.

PIOMINGE's TALK.

I have talked several times to your beloved men, and have not forgot their talk, though they have forgot mine I fear, as they have not complied with them; which makes me ashamed, as my warriors tell me they have trusted to my talk, and have got poor; but to this talk I hope you will give an immediate answer, and the goods will then come. We do not want your goods for nothing, but wish to pay you for them as we did before, which was the saving of our land.

The Cherokees have got cross with us, and sent bad talks to our land; if we had ammunition we would go to war with them. When our enemies formerly killed any of us, they used to say they got a good knife with our hair, but if they were to kill any of us now, they would get a very poor one. But hope it will not be the case long.

The GOVERNOR's TALK.

To the head men and warriors of the Chickesaw nation.

Friends and Brothers,

By your beloved man, Mingo, a Tuskey, one of your warriors, we received your talks to our beloved man, William Davenport, and we the great council fire are happy to find you disposed for peace. We now embrace the opportunity of Mingo, a Tuskey's return, to acquaint you that we shall always wish to keep the path smooth, and the chain bright between us, the Great Master of Breath made us all for this purpose, and we are determined to continue as friends and brothers.

We have smoaked the friendly pipe with our brother Mingo, a Tuskey in the great council, and he goes back satisfied, with presents to your two head men, who, he says, are above him. We have given him and his son presents also, this we do, brothers, to shew you we are rich and strong, and are willing to impart our riches to you, because we are and ought to be all brothers of one common father.

In your talks you mention, that we often promised you goods, but never complied: This, brothers, has not been our faults; it has been owing to the Creek Indians being between you and us,—but it will now be better, and as the path is straight and smooth between us, we have no objection to your people coming in among us as friends and brothers, we shall salute you with a friendly shake by the hand, and smoke your pipe

Should any people give you any bad talks against us, you must not believe them, and we do not wish you to believe any thing, but what comes from ourselves.

As soon as our traders can go among you with safety, you will be supplied with goods on friendly terms; this, brothers, will tie us still faster with the strong chain. We send your warrior, Mingo, a Tuskey, one of our people to your line, in order that he may go safe to you, and give you this talk.

Now brothers, attend, we do not mean to deceive you, we wish to live in peace together with you, we will then smoke our pipe in friendship, and all take hold of each others hands as brothers and friends, should any dispute arise in future it will be your faults.

Brothers, farewell. The great man Mingo, a Tuskey, will tell you all how much we are inclined to respect you—he has drank the red rum out of our cup, and has eat of our corn, and in return we have smoked out of his pipe. This, brothers, is the way we should treat you all, because we never treat our friends ill, we are commanded to do so by the great Father of the Sun. Farewell.

A letter from T. Barnard, commissary for this state in the Creek nation, mentions, that a party of Creeks were embodying themselves, with an intention to destroy the settlement at Cumberland, in the western country.

FREDERICKSBURG, *October* 11.

Extract of a letter, dated l'Orient, July 5th, 1787.

"There is great preparation making here, and all the king's ports in France, for a war; and it is certain that 10 ships of the line are ordered from Brest to cruise in the Channel, and the commandant here has received orders to have every thing in readiness. We are now in a very great hurry, as the owner of the craft (a Liverpool merchant) is apprehensive there may be an embargo laid on all English vessels; indeed there is every reason to believe it will soon take place. An English sloop arrived here last evening from Brest, the captain of which informs, that he was not permitted to go on shore without a guard with him to every place he went: And farther, that he would not have been allowed to land his cargo had it not been provisions, and the troops were in want of them."

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 18.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates in the ensuing general assembly, viz.

For Calvert county, Michael Taney, John Graham, William Fitzhugh, jun. and Thomas Gantt, jun. Esquires.

For Frederick county, Thomas Sim Lee, Thomas Johnson, Abraham Faw and Richard Potts, Esquires.

For Washington county, Jacob Funk, Andrew Bruce, John Cellars and Ignatius Taylor, Esquires.

To the CITIZENS of MARYLAND.

THE occasion of this address may be deemed of too little importance to claim the public attention. But, as I have, unintentionally, led some of my fellow citizens into a mistake, operating greatly to my prejudice, I cannot, in justice to my character, forbear to set them right.

Having received ample assurance, that the address under the signature of "*Thousands*" contained the sense of a great number of the most respectable men in Baltimore-town, and that it was written and published, in consequence of an agreement amongst them to confer on Aristides some public mark of approbation; not only an apology is due to the writer, but he and they are entitled to my warmest thanks, and most lively gratitude.—

When the address was announced by advertisement only, the signature, with the circumstance of the editors being unknown, induced me to expect rather an attack from a concealed foe, than a sincere panegyric. And, although conscious of the perfect integrity and zeal, with which I had always endeavoured to benefit my country, when I perused the address, I was not vain enough to imagine that my merits were not greatly over rated, provided it spoke the language of sincerity. Hence it was, that I misconstrued the animated expressions of genuine approbation into the malignant strokes of a bitter subtle irony. I did not doubt, that the supposed author, in pursuance of his plan, would speedily commence a formal attack upon his own publication. I therefore thought proper to take the earliest notice of it; that I might in some measure baffle his designs.

For my precipitation, perhaps, I merit no small censure from my friends; and, so long as I shall avoid every thing criminal and base, my enemies are welcome to ridicule my *excess of discernment*. I have, after all, received that, which I trust, I shall ever have virtue enough to "*esteem a great reward*;" and I prize it too highly to forfeit any part, by suffering my fellow citizens to remain under a mistake, which, without me, perhaps no other person would have made.

Annapolis,
October 16, 1787. ARISTIDES.

October 13, 1787.

To be SOLD, at public vendue, at the widow Urquhart's on the Head of Severn, on Friday the 10th day of November next, at two o'clock, for the benefit of the heirs of William Cromwell, of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,

A TRACT of land called Hurtleberry Island, containing one hundred and thirty five acres, one half the purchase money to be paid down, and the other half in four months, when a good title will be given to it, by

WILLIAM CROMWELL.

N. B. On the above land is a valuable mill-seat and a quantity of iron ore. 1 6 7/6

Charles county, October 12, 1787.

Will be exposed to the highest bidder, for cash, at my dwelling place, St. Bernard's, on Monday the 19th of November next,

SUNDRY valuable country born slaves, amongst them, a most valuable carpenter and house wench, fifty pounds a year has been offered for the carpenter, (since peace).—Also several valuable horses, oxen and other stock; sixteen months credit will be given, on bond bearing interest, with approved security—Ten per cent. will be deducted off, of all bonds paid off within one month from the date of said sale, and six per cent. deducted if paid off within three months from the end of said month, viz. until the 19th of March following—heavy and new tobacco inspected in this and the other counties, will be taken at the then market price, in money.

1 6 7/6 WILLIAM LEIGH.

October 17, 1787.

JUST IMPORTED in the PATOWMACK, captain WHITE, from London,

AN assortment of men's hats and shoes, children's Morocco pumps, men's beaver gloves, and purses, a large quantity of writing and wrapping paper, sealing wax and wafers, with a great variety of the most fashionable plated buckles, &c.

The subscriber most earnestly requests all those that are indebted to him either by bond, note, or open account, to make immediate payment, or he will be obliged, though reluctantly, to commence suits against them.

1 STEPHEN CLARK.

Annapolis, October 17, 1787.

JUST IMPORTED, in the ship WALLACE-TOM, captain JEFFERY, from London, and to be sold wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce, by

JOHN PETTY and CO.

At their stores in Annapolis, Port-Tobacco, Queen-Anne and Patuxent,

A LARGE and general assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the present season; also a quantity of porter, old port, sherry and carcavella wine in bottles. 1

October 11, 1787.

ON the petition of John Watkins, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner that the fifth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD
1 Reg. Cur. Can.

October 13, 1787.

ON the petition of James Vinson, of Dorchester county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the thirtieth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
1 8 13/1 Reg. Cur Can.

October 12, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Harwood, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-seventh day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery-office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
1 8 11/3 Reg. Cur. Can.

October 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Ezekiel Jacob, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 30th day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
1 6 13/1 Reg. Cur. Can.

October 13, 1787.

ON the petition of William Begole, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the first day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, and the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
1 6 13/1 Reg. Cur. Can.

October 13, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber being unable to discharge his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Prince George's county court at their next term, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors. 1 0 13/1 SAMUEL CHENEY.

September 10, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber being unable to pay his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Charles county court, at their next sitting, in order to take the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors. 1 3 7/6 NICHOLAS CRAYCROFT.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living in Annapolis, two HORSES, viz. A black, about 13 hands 3 inches high; the other is a bay, about the same height, has a star in his forehead, and a snip on his nose, and has one inch, both are branded with the letter H on the near buttock; the black one trots, and the bay one paces. Whoever takes up the said horses, and delivers them to the subscriber, shall have, if fifteen miles from home, the above reward, and so in proportion for a greater or less distance, and reasonable charges, paid by

1 REUBEN M'DANIEL.

DOCTOR FENDALL, during the races will continue in Annapolis one week—those who are disposed to apply to him will find him at his lodging, where he may be consulted in all the disorders of the teeth—gums—sockets—ulcers—cancers—abscesses—fistulas—suppurations, and inflammations of the gums which are more or less of a malignant nature; and, in this way, not only the gums are destroyed, but also the teeth, and very often all the parts to which they are immediately connected.— 3 X

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be returned to the general Post-Office, as death letters.

JAMES ALLEN, at John Cragg's, Annapolis.
John Bullen, Andrew Brown (2), Nicholas Brewer, Capt. John Byron, Annapolis; James Belt (2), Queen-Anne; Nathaniel Bell, Nanticoke; Aquila Burrows, Benedict; John Bowman (2), Wye-river.
John Callahan, Annapolis; Judith Chase, Edward Compton, Charles county; Mary Crookshanks, New-town Chester; James Campbell, Choptank bridge; Benedict Calvert, Prince George's county.
John Doughty, Monsieur De L' Tant, Annapolis; Joseph Donnison (2), St. Mary's county; Capt. William Dodds, Patuxent; Timothy Downey, Dorchester county.
John Ewin, Somerset county.
William Fitzhugh, Calvert county; John [illegible], Benedict; Edward Fowler, Somerset count[illegible]; Thomas Gassaway, Thomas Graham, A[illegible]; Dr. James Gray, Calvert county.
Charlotte Hesselius, near Annapolis; Abel Hill, Pig-Point; Dr. Leonard Holliday, near Nottingham; Thomas Hanson, Charles county; Mrs. Headen, Lower-Marlborough; Robert Harrison, near Cambridge; Samuel Handy (3), Worcester county.
William Killgowr, St. Mary's county; John Kean, Queen's town.
David Luckett, near Annapolis; Robert Lamar, Queen-Anne; Stephen Lynch (2), St. Mary's county.
James Morsel, Calvert county; James M'Math, (4), near Benedict.
James Pearce, Thomas Price, Annapolis; James Priestly (2), John Plummer, West river; Friedrich Wilhelm Putzing, North-America.
John Ridout, John Rogers, D. Reynolds, Annapolis; Thomas Rutland, near Annapolis; Henry Rozer (2), Prince-George's county; Joseph Roberts, West river; Monsieur Rouviere, Patuxent.
Dr. Upton Scott, Elisabeth Stanford, alias Conley, John Conley, Annapolis; The Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county (2); Thomas Snowden, Philip Snowden, Patuxent iron-works; Henry G. Sothoron, Chapico; Charles Stewart, Cambridge; Capt. Stobo, St. Mary's county; John Shedden, Chester-town.
William Thompson, Richard Thorp, Annapolis; David Thompson, Calvert county; Miss Taylor (2), Wye; Capt. James Thomas, Talbot county.
Monsieur Widerich or Diderich, Annapolis; Richard Waters, Patuxent; Joseph Wilkinson, Calvert county; Planner Williams, Somerset county; William Wake-[illegible], Benedict; Rev. Mr. Wheelan, St. Mary's county.

Notley Young, Maryland.

2 F. GREEN, D. P. M.

October 10, 1787.

[illegible]t arrived in the ship PATOWMACK, captain WHITE, from London, and now opening at the subscriber's store near the dock,

A VERY general assortment of European GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching season, which will be sold on the lowest terms, for cash, or good bills on London.

2 JAMES MACKUBIN.

October 8, 1787.

TO BE RENTED,

THE subscribers plantation, adjoining the land of John Thomas and Samuel Galloway, at West river, containing between four and five hundred acres, with or without the stock and plantation utensils, as may be most convenient; some part of the land has not been tended for several years; there is on the land a tobacco house and several other houses, two apple orchards, and an excellent meadow, also a sufficiency of wood to support the plantation for a number of years. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber in Montgomery county, or Richard Hopkins, son of Gerard, at the Head of South-river, in Anne-Arundel county.

2 JOHN THOMAS.

October 8, 1787.

ON the petition of Edward Bromwell, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-sixth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
2 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 26, 1787.

ON the petition of Basil Williamson, a prisoner in Calvert county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act relating insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twelfth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered, that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
2 Reg. Cur. Can.

October 8, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, being unable to discharge his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Charles county, at their November adjourned court, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

2 ALLEN HARBIN.

September 18, 1787.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to pass, empowering the justices of Charles county, to levy on the inhabitants of said county, a quantity of tobacco, or the value thereof in money, sufficient to replace all the tobacco lost out of Nanjemoy warehouse, during the time her late husband was inspector at said warehouse, and that can be made appear was not lost by her said husband's neglect, or carelessness.

3 HENRIETTA ADAMS.

October 1, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court, at their next November term, to liberate him agreeably to the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors.

3 w6 JOSHUA DORSEY.

Annapolis, October 3, 1787.

FOR SALE,

THE high bred horse NORTHERN ECLIPSE.—He may be seen at Mr. John Cragg's, London-town, as also his pedigree.—For terms apply to

3 WALLACE and MUIR.

JOSEPH COURT,

HAS just imported, in the Ceres, captain Travers, a large assortment of superfine broad clothes, and buttons of the newest fashion second clothes milled, drabs, broad clothes, as low as 3/9 cost, coatings, flannels, 9/4 8/4, and duffil blankets, linsey woolseys, figured tammies, and stuffs of all kinds, fearnoughts of different colours, some best double milled do. white, blue, and green Welch cottons and plains, Kendall do. Irish linens of all sorts, Irish, Russia, and Lancashire sheetings, a large quantity of German osnabrigs, Irish and Scotch do. corduroys and thicksets, a good assortment of saddlery and ironmongery, mens and womens shoes of all sorts, boots and boot legs, bend leather, wax and grain skins, shamey skins, all sorts of gun-powder and shot, nutmegs, cloves and mace, osnabrig and shoe thread, coloured threads, and white threads of all sorts, silk and twist, mens and womens worsted and cotton stockings, loaf sugar, womens fashionable stays, &c. &c. &c. which he will sell very low for cash or tobacco, at his store at West-river.

N. B. Well assorted low-priced woollens to be sold by the bale. 3

Charles county, September 9, 1787.

THE Subscriber intends to petition the ensuing general assembly for restoration of, or compensation for, a part of a tract of land called CRAIN'S LOW GROUNDS, lying in Charles county, and confiscated as British property.

5 JOHN CRAIN.

Nottingham, September 19, 1787.

JUST IMPORTED in the ship THOMAS and SALLY, captain Donett, from London, and to be sold for Alexander and Benjamin Contee, at their stores at this place and Queen-Anne, on Patuxent river, for cash, bills of exchange, or tobacco, at reasonable rates, wholesale or retail,

A LARGE assortment of cheap Irish linen, coarse woollens, shoes, hats and nails, and a variety of other goods on hand. This ship will take tobacco, consigned to Alexander and Benjamin Contee, merchants in London, at seven pounds sterling per tun; she will be loaded by the 20th of November next at farthest, has good accommodations for passengers.—For further particulars inquire of the captain here on board, or to the subscriber.

3 THOMAS CONTEE.

Annapolis, September 18, 1787.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that she has lately moved to that large and commodious house, formerly occupied by Mr. William Whetcroft, where she purposes taking in private boarders, by the year or day. She is also provided with stables for the reception of horses.

2X MARY REYNOLDS.

LOST,

A GRAIN CERTIFICATE, No. 1210, liquidated the first day of September, 1783, for £. 80 8 0½, to Hugh Whiteford; the person who finds the same, is requested to leave it with Mr. R. B. Latimer in Annapolis, payment being stopped at the treasury. w4

3 IGNATIUS WHEELER.

August 7, 1787.

BROKE gaol on the 2d of this month, a mulatto man, committed as a runaway, named David Anderson, about five feet eight or nine inches high, who says he belongs to Mrs. Hipkins, of Westmoreland county, Virginia; had on an osnabrig short coat, and buckskin breeches; he may probably change his cloaths as he had others with him. Whoever takes up the said man, and delivers him to the subscriber, shall have three pounds reward.

9 DAVID STEUART, sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Talbot-town, September 28, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly of this state, at the next session, for the opening and laying out a road from Talbot-town, to a place called Cowlanding, in Talbot county. 2

TAKEN up as a stray, by ANNE TILLY, living at South river ferry, a black HORSE, with a white snip in his forehead, marked on the off side H. without shoes, about thirteen hands high. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 2

Strawberry-Hill, October 1, 1787.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Doctor John Sprigg, deceased, of Prince-George's county, are desired to bring them in properly attested for settlement, and those who are indebted to the said estate, by bond, note, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, or otherwise settle their accounts.

2 RICHARD SPRIGG, administrator.

August 21, 1787.

LANDS for SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale, all that *Tract of land*, called *Beall's Plantation*, and *Bateman's Field*, (being part of *Snowden's Reputation Supported*) containing from a late survey 676¼ acres, situated on the head of South river in Anne-Arundel county, about 3 miles from navigable water, 18 from the city of Annapolis, 28 from Baltimore-town, 24 from George-town, and about 7 from the inspection houses of Indian Landing, and Queen-Anne, is well adapted for corn, wheat, and particularly tobacco.

This plantation has not been tenanted for 3 years, is a most pleasing and desirable situation, and capable of great improvement at a very small expence; there are 259 acres of timber land, a greater part of the timber is very valuable.—The subscriber would prefer dividing of the whole in one lot, but has no objection to making several of it, the timber land is conveniently situated for making such divisions in equal proportions, and there are many pleasant situations for erecting different buildings; it is also well watered—a very good mill stream runs through it, and there is some meadow ground, and much more may be very readily made. The improvements upon it are, a good dwelling house with three rooms on each floor, kitchen, quarter, corn-house, stables, tobacco house, and two very fine apple orchards, one of which contains 220 trees, together with a number of other valuable fruit trees.

A plan of this estate may be seen at Mr. Vachel Stevens, surveyor, Annapolis, who will shew the premises; also at Messrs. William Paterson, and Brothers, Baltimore, and further information had—for price, terms, &c. apply to

6 JOHN WADDINGTON, in Philadelphia.

PICKLED HERRINGS.

A FEW BARRELS, of the first quality, to be sold by

5 JOHN RANDALL.

October 10, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Talbot county court, at their next March term, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

2 JOHN COLSTON.

September 5, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscriber at the next November court in Montgomery county, for a commission under the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, to prove and mark the bounds and lines of a tract of and called Joseph's Park in the said county.

5 DANIEL CARROLL.

August 30, 1787.

I INTEND to petition the next assembly, that an act may pass for vesting in me a title in fee simple, to a tract of land in Washington county, called Charlemont; and to all other lands which have been confiscated as the property of Charles Higinbothom, or his heirs. 2X RALPH HIGINBOTHOM.

August 23, 1787.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

BE it known, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to constitute a public road from the town of Talbot-town, to Aker's ferry, in the same direction as the old road now lies in.

6 WILLIAM TUCKER.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Pig-Point, Anne-Arundel county, October 3, 1787.

RAN away from the subscribers, living near Pig-Point, on Saturday, the 29th of September last, two negro men; one named Charles, about 23 years old, of a yellowish complexion, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, remarkable flat nose, a large broad thick foot, and is very talkative when asked questions; had on when he went away, a new osnabrig shirt, a blue fearnought jacket, an old pair of striped country cloth breeches, and a new felt hat. Bob, a short thick black fellow, about 21 years old, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, is very handy about a plantation, and very impudent when examined or asked questions; had on when he went away, an osnabrig shirt, a brown drilling coat, a striped stuff under waistcoat, a pair of kersey cotton breeches, and an old felt hat; we think they have other cloaths with them, but cannot describe them, and therefore may endeavour to change their names. Whoever takes up either of the said negroes, so that the owners may get them again, shall receive, if above ten miles from home, fifteen shillings, if out of the county three dollars, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

3X CEPHAS CHILDS, or ISAAC OWENS.

TAKEN up as a stray by JOHN WALKER, living in Anne Arundel county, a bay MARE, with a black colt, the mare is about 5 years old, with a blaze in her face, one white hind foot, long tail, does not appear to have been either docked or branded, a natural pacer, about thirteen hands high—the colt about 4 months old. The owner is desired to prove property pay charges, and take her away. 2

September 22, 1787.

ON the petition of John Hakerston, a prisoner in Prince George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twelfth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
4 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 24, 1787.

ON the petition of Walter B. Cox, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twelfth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
4 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 25, 1787.

ON the petition of Jacob Gibion 3d. of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the thirteenth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
4 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 12, 1787.

ON the petition of Bennett Neale and Edward Neale, of Charles county, to the Chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioners, that the 25th day of October next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
5 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 14, 1787.

ON the petition of Samuel Luckett, a prisoner in Charles county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the second day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
5 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 14, 1787.

ON the petition of John Roberts, of Frederick county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 2d day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
5 Reg. Cur. Can.

September 12, 1787.

ON the petition of Peter Green, of Charles county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-fifth day of October next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees, will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
5 Reg. Cur. Can.

Somerset county, August 28, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a number of the inhabitants of Somerset and Worcester counties, intend to petition the next general assembly, for a ferry to be established at Rohobeth-town, on Pocomoke river, with a road leading from said ferry to the road that leads to Accomack and Northampton counties. 6

A STORE-HOUSE to be RENTED.
Inquire of the Printers. 11

September 18, 1787.

ON the petition of Levin Ballard, of Calvert county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 26th day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.
3 Reg. Cur. Can.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county, September 12, 1786.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 4th of June, a negro man named CHARLES, twenty-five years of age, a short thick fellow, about five feet six inches high, has a short flat nose, a very bushy head of hair, thick lips, with a lump on the upper one, he is a handy fellow, and works well at the whip-saw; had on when he went away his common working dress; I have reasons to believe he has other cloaths with him, but cannot particularly describe them, therefore he probably may change his apparel. As I purchased him of Notley Young, Esq; on Patowmack, I apprehend he is lurking about in that neighbourhood. Whoever takes up and secures the said fellow, so that his master may get him again, shall receive if above ten miles from home thirty shillings, if out of the county forty shillings, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

32 WILLIAM BOWIE, 3d.

Strawberry hill, near Annapolis, June 20, 1787.

LOST, about the 25th day of last May, between the Bodkin and the mouth of Magothy river, a small almost new BOAT, about ten or twelve feet keel, rows with four oars, and has the subscriber's name cut on her stern. Whoever will deliver her here, or give such information that she be recovered, shall be well paid for their trouble, by tf

13 RICHARD SPRIGG.

September 1, 1787.

THE subscribers propose to petition the general assembly at their next session, to confirm a title in a tract of land lying in Baltimore county, which was reserved out of the confiscated lands of the late Daniel Dulany, of Walter, for the use of Rebecca Hanson and Catherine Best.

6 THOMAS H. HANSON,
HORATIO BEST.

Kent county, August 14, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we, the subscribers, justices of the peace for Kent county, propose presenting a petition to the next general assembly, praying leave to assess and levy on the inhabitants of Kent county, a sufficient sum of money to purchase ground, and to erect and furnish an hospital and poor house, fit and proper for the reception of the poor of said county, together with such implements of husbandry, &c. as may be necessary.

JOHN SCOTT,
JAMES CLAYPOOLE,
RICHARD GRAVES,
JAMES HENRY,
JERE. NICHOLS,
7 JOHN PAGE,
JOHN THOMAS.

April 16, 1787.

RAN away last night, from the subscriber, living in Charles county, a negro man named WALLEY, a tall slender made fellow, about six feet and an inch high, aged about 35 years, he is not country born, speaks bad English that it can be hardly understood; had on when he went away a white fearnought jacket, a pair of white nap cotton breeches, and osnabrig shirt, and has taken with him many other cloaths, which I cannot describe, as he is remarkably fond of dress. Also went away at the same time, a negro woman named NELL, aged about fifty years, she is a low squat wench. Also took with them two horses, one a light sorrel, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the near buttock W. the other a dark bay, about fourteen hands high, and a small crop on the end of one of his ears. Whoever takes up the said negroes and horses shall receive for each of the horses, two dollars if brought home, and eight dollars for each negro, paid by the subscriber.

11 WILLIAM M. WILKINSON.

Just Published, and to be SOLD, at the Printing-Office, Price 7/6,

THE
LAWS
Of April Session, 1787.
ALSO
The VOTES and PROCEEDINGS Of BOTH HOUSES.

Treasury of the United States,

MAY 14th, 1787.

THE commissioners of the board of treasury of the United States, give notice, That on the 25th day of September next, will be exposed to sale, at the place where the United States in Congress may hold their sessions—The following townships and lots of lands in the western territory, which were surveyed last year under the direction of the geographer-general of the United States, viz.

FIRST RANGE.

No. 3, containing	4,350 acres.

SECOND RANGE.

No. 1, containing	1,386.
2,	5,434.
3,	8,598.
5,	21,139.
6,	23,040.
7,	23,040.
8,	22,886.
9,	18,644.

THIRD RANGE.

No. 1, containing	6,596.
2,	11,797.
3,	14,482.
5,	23,040.
6,	23,040.
7,	23,040.
8,	23,040.
9,	23,040.
10,	23,040.
11,	23,040.
12,	23,040.

FOURTH RANGE.

No. 1, containing	4,374.
2,	11,350.
3,	23,040.
7,	23,040.
8,	23,040.
10,	23,040.
11,	23,040.
12,	23,040.
13,	23,040.

The admirable quality of these lands, and the favourable climate in which they are situated, are too well known to need description. The conditions of sale are as follow, viz.

1st. The townships or fractional parts of townships throughout the different ranges, will be sold either entire or in lots in alternate order; that is to say, when a township, or fractional part of a township is sold entire, the next will be sold in lots, agreeably to the ordinance of the 20th of May, 1785.

2d. The lands are not to be sold under a dollar per acre, payable in gold or silver, or any of the securities of the United States.

3d. The purchasers are to pay the charges of survey, which are to be estimated at thirty six dollars in specie, or certificates as aforesaid for every township, and in the same proportion for fractional parts of townships or lots; this payment to be made at the sales, and in case of failure, the lands to be again exposed to public auction.

4th. One third of the purchase money is to be paid at the time of purchase; and the remaining two thirds in three months after the date of the sale; on which payment a certificate shall be given by the treasurer of the United States, which shall entitle the person to whom the same is given to receive from the commissioners of this board a proper title; provided, that if the second payment is not made at the time above specified, the first payment is to be forfeited, and the land on which the forfeit accrued be again set up for sale.

5th. The plots of the townships will be marked by subdivisions into lots of one mile square or 640 acres, and numbered from 1 to 36; and out of each township Lot No. 8, 11, 26, and 29, are to be reserved for future sale; Lot No 26 for the maintainance of public schools within the respective townships, and out of every fractional part of a township, as many lots of the same number as shall be found therein. There will also be reserved to the United States, one third part of all gold and silver, lead and copper mines.

Proper maps and descriptions of the lands will be exhibited at the time and place of sale, and the sales will continue from day to day until the whole are sold.

SAMUEL OSGOOD,
16 WALTER LIVINGSTON, } Commissioners.
ARTHUR LEE,

Board of Treasury of the United States,

May 17th, 1787.

The United States in Congress having directed the Commissioners of this Board, to take the most effectual measures, for settling the accounts of the secret and commercial Committees of Congress.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the accounts of the said Committees having been arranged, as far as the materials furnished by the respective parties, will enable them to proceed in that business; it has become necessary to adopt immediate measures for closing these transactions. All persons therefore, who have received public money from the general treasury, in pursuance of engagements entered into with the secret and commercial Committees of Congress, and who have not accounted for the same, are hereby required, to render and adjust their respective accounts, within three months, computed from the present date; at the expiration of which time process will be commenced against such as neglect this notice.

SAMUEL OSGOOD,
16 WALTER LIVINGSTON, } Commissioners.
ARTHUR LEE,

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Francis-Street.